

Credit Distribution, Eligibility and Pre-requisites of the Course

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Main Group Chemistry	04	02	--	02	Class 12th with Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics	NA

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- To provide basic understanding of the fundamental principles of metallurgy through study of the different methods of extraction and refining of metals.
- To illustrate the diversity and fascination of inorganic chemistry through the study of structure, properties and utilities of s- and p-block elements and their compounds

Learning Outcomes:

By the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the basis of occurrence of metals in nature and the methods that can be applied on minerals to extract the metals from them.
- Explain the importance of free energy of formation of oxides with the choice of reducing agent for extracting the metals.
- Understand and explain the importance of refining of metals and the choice of a refining procedure
- Explain the group trends observed for different properties of s and p block elements
- Explain the structures and the bonding basis of compounds of s- and p- block elements
- Explain the uniqueness observed in alkali metals and some other main group elements
- Understand and explain the polymerization of inorganic ions to generate inorganic polymers and the difference between organic and inorganic polymers.

Unit 1: General Principles of Metallurgy

Hours: 06

Chief modes of occurrence of metals based on standard electrode potentials. Ellingham diagrams for reduction of metal oxides using carbon and carbon monoxide as reducing agent. Electrolytic Reduction, Hydrometallurgy with reference to cyanide process for silver and gold. Methods of purification of metals: Electrolytic process, Van Arkel-De Boer process, Zone refining.

Unit 2: General Properties

Hours: 05

General group trends of s- and p-block elements with special reference to melting and boiling points, flame colour, metallic character and complex formation tendency, diagonal relationship and anomalous behaviour of first member of each group, Alkali metal solutions in liquid ammonia

Unit 3: Structure, Bonding, Properties and Applications Hours: 15

Structure, bonding, properties (Acidic/Basic nature, stability, ionic/covalent nature, oxidation/reduction, hydrolysis, thermal stability) and applications of the following:

Crown Ethers and cryptates of Alkali metals

Hydrides: hydrides of Group 13 (only diborane), Group 14, Group 15 (EH_3 where E = N, P, As, Sb, Bi), Group 16 and Group 17.

Oxides: Oxides of nitrogen, phosphorus and sulphur.

Oxoacids: oxoacids of phosphorus, sulphur and chlorine

Halides of phosphorus

Unit 4: Inorganic Polymers Hours:04

Preparation, properties, structure and uses of the following:

Borazine, Silicates and Silicones

Practical

(Credits: 02, Laboratory periods: 60)

Qualitative semi-micro analysis of mixtures containing 2 anions and 2 cations (preferably 7-8 mixtures). Emphasis should be given to the understanding of the chemistry of different reactions. The following radicals are suggested:

CO_3^{2-} , NO_2^- , S^{2-} , SO_3^{2-} , SO_4^{2-} , $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$, CH_3COO^- , F^- , Cl^- , Br^- , I^- , NO_3^- , BO_3^{3-} , $\text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$, PO_4^{3-} , NH_4^+ , K^+ , Pb^{2+} , Cu^{2+} , Cd^{2+} , Bi^{3+} , Sn^{2+} , Sb^{3+} , Fe^{3+} , Al^{3+} , Cr^{3+} , Zn^{2+} , Mn^{2+} , Co^{2+} , Ni^{2+} , Ba^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , Mg^{2+}

The mixtures may contain combination of anions/one interfering anion.

Spot tests should be preferred wherever applicable.

References (Theory):

1. Lee, J.D.; (2010), **Concise Inorganic Chemistry**, Wiley India.
2. Huheey, J.E.; Keiter, E.A.; Keiter; R. L.; Medhi, O.K. (2009), **Inorganic Chemistry- Principles of Structure and Reactivity**, Pearson Education.

- Douglas, B.E.; McDaniel, D.H.; Alexander, J.J. (1994), **Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry**, John Wiley & Sons.
- Atkins, P.W.; Overton, T.L.; Rourke, J.P.; Weller, M.T.; Armstrong, F.A. (2010), **Shriver and Atkins Inorganic Chemistry**, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press.
- Housecraft, E. H.; Sharpe, A.G. (2018), **Inorganic Chemistry**, 5th Edition, Pearson.
- F.A. Cotton & G. Wilkinson (1999), **Advanced Inorganic Chemistry**, 6th Edition, John Wiley & Sons.

References (Practical):

- Vogel, A.I. (1972), **Qualitative Inorganic Analysis**, Longman.
- Svehla, G. (1996), **Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis**, Prentice Hall.

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Nanoscale Materials and their applications	04	02	--	02	Class 12th with Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics	NA

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- To provide an introduction to nanoscale materials and their applications.
- To provides an insight into bottom-up and top-down-approach, the methods of synthesis of nanoparticles, simple characterization techniques and applications of nanomaterials.

Learning Outcomes:

By the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the concept of nano dimensions.
- Know the various methods of preparation of nanomaterials.
- Understand the principles of optical and electron microscopy techniques of characterizing nanomaterials.
- Understand the Appreciate the real life applications of nanomaterials.